

Safe Harbor



Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical information, the information presented in this presentation includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. These statements involve estimates, expectations, projections, goals, assumptions, known and unknown risks and uncertainties and can typically be identified by terminology such as "may," "should," "could," "objective," "projection," "forecast," "goal," "quidance," "outlook," "expect," "intend," "seek," "plan," "think," "anticipate," "estimate," "predict," "target," "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about the Company's future revenues, income, indebtedness, capital structure, plans, expectations, objectives, projected financial performance and/or business results and other future events, and views of economic and market conditions.

Although NRG believes that its expectations are reasonable, it can give no assurance that these expectations will prove to be correct, and actual results may vary materially. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated herein include, among others, general economic conditions, hazards customary in the power industry, weather conditions and extreme weather events, competition in wholesale power, gas and smart home markets, the volatility of energy and fuel prices, failure of customers or counterparties to perform under contracts, changes in the wholesale power and gas markets, changes in government or market regulations, the condition of capital markets generally and NRG's ability to access capital markets, NRG's ability to execute its supply strategy, risks related to data privacy, cyberterrorism and inadequate cybersecurity, the loss of data, unanticipated outages at NRG's generation facilities, NRG's ability to achieve its net debt targets, adverse results in current and future litigation, complaints, product liability claims and/or adverse publicity, failure to identify, execute or successfully implement acquisitions or asset sales, risks of the smart home and security industry, including risks of and publicity surrounding the sales, subscriber origination and retention process, the impact of changes in consumer spending patterns, consumer preferences, geopolitical tensions, demographic trends, supply chain disruptions, NRG's ability to implement value enhancing improvements to plant operations and companywide processes, NRG's ability to achieve or maintain investment grade credit metrics, NRG's ability to proceed with projects under development or the inability to complete the construction of such projects on schedule or within budget, the inability to maintain or create successful partnering relationships, NRG's ability to operate its business efficiently, NRG's ability to retain customers, the ability to successfully integrate businesses of acquired companies, including Vivint Smart Home, NRG's ability to realize anticipated benefits of transactions (including expected cost savings and other synergies) or the risk that anticipated benefits may take longer to realize than expected, NRG's ability to execute its capital allocation plan. Achieving investment grade credit metrics is not an indication of or guarantee that the Company will receive investment grade credit ratings. Debt and share repurchases may be made from time to time subject to market conditions and other factors, including as permitted by United States securities laws. Furthermore, any common stock dividend is subject to available capital and market conditions.

NRG undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. The adjusted EBITDA and free cash flow before growth investments guidance are estimates as of August 08, 2024. These estimates are based on assumptions NRG believed to be reasonable as of that date. NRG disclaims any current intention to update such guidance, except as required by law. The foregoing review of factors that could cause NRG's actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in the forward-looking statements included in this presentation should be considered in connection with information regarding risks and uncertainties that may affect NRG's future results included in NRG's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission at www.sec.gov. For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see the information under the captions "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in NRG's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, and in subsequent SEC filings. NRG's forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this communication or as of the date they are made.

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Agenda





Business Review

Dr. Larry Coben Chair and President & CEO



Financial Review

Bruce Chung CFO

Closing Remarks

Dr. Larry Coben Chair and President & CEO

Q&A

Management

Strategic Positioning



The Largest Energy and Smart Home Platform, Delivering on Customers' Growing and Evolving Needs

Positioned for Growth

Customers are demanding more of our products, personalized experiences, and innovative offerings reflecting macro trends

Unique Platform

Largest power, natural gas and smart home ecosystem create the necessary capabilities to stabilize and grow earnings

Significant Recurring Excess Cash Flow

Committed to return substantial capital to shareholders while achieving growth and balance sheet objectives; 15-20% FCFbG per share growth rate target

3 Key Messages



Second Quarter Results Exceeded Expectations; Reaffirming 2024 Financial Guidance

Advancing Consumer Strategy Positioned to Capitalize on Tightening Supply / Demand Trends

Executing Disciplined Capital Allocation; Returning Significant Capital to Shareholders



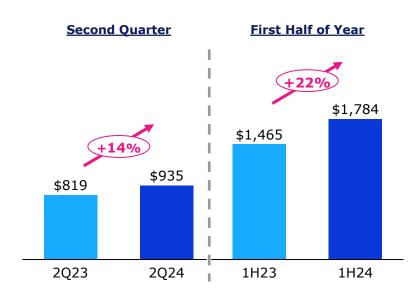
Business Highlights & Results



(\$ millions)

Year-over-Year Results

Adjusted EBITDA



Trending Towards Upper End

Reaffirming 2024 Financial Guidance

\$3,300-3,550 MM Adjusted EBITDA \$1,825-2,075 MM FCFbG

Q2 Highlights

Financial and Operational Results

- Top decile safety performance
- Home Energy subscribers +8%, Smart Home +5% YoY
- Announcing Airtron monetization for \$500 MM
- Published 14th annual Sustainability Report

2023-2025 Investor Day Growth Plan

- \$300 MM organic growth, on track
- \$250 MM cost reductions, on track
- 15-20% FCFbG per share CAGR, on track

Growth Enhanced by Tightening Supply/Demand Advancing:

- Site Portfolio: 21 sites / 21k acres
- VPP / smart energy management
- Power & natural gas sales
- Supply strategy resilience & margin capture

Disciplined Capital Allocation

- \$825 MM '24 repurchase program, \$176 MM completed¹
- \$500 MM '24 liability management program, 65% completed

Robust First Half Growth through Strong Execution; Reaffirming 2024 Guidance Ranges

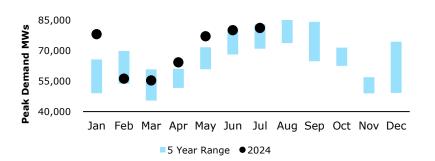
¹ Through July 31, 2024

Summer Review & Outlook



Texas Continues to Realize Load Growth

Hit New Record Peaks in 3 of the First 7 Months of 2024



Rising ERCOT Summer Peak Forecast¹



Advancing Development Projects

Strengthening Texas Supply Portfolio

Brownfield Site	Applied	[
Cedar Bayou 5 689 MW - Combined Cycle	~	Next Step PUCT expected to choose
TH Wharton 415 MW - Simple Cycle	~	projects that proceed to due diligence
Greens Bayou 6 443 MW - Simple Cycle	~	phase for Aug 29 meeting

Maximizing Site Value: 21 Sites/21k Acres

Attribute	# of Sites	
Water Availability	21 Sites	
Fiber Access	21 Sites	
Grid Access	21 Sites	

Energy Platform Benefited from Diversified Supply Strategy & Strong Market Fundamentals

¹ ERCOT 2024 Long-Term Load Forecast with HB5066 Impacts Presentation (June 2024)



Financial Review

2Q24 Financial Update



(\$ millions)

	Three Mor	Three Months Ended		
	6/30/24	6/30/23		
Texas	\$452	\$504		
East/West/Services/Other ¹	282	98		
Vivint Smart Home ²	201	217		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$935	\$819		
Free Cash Flow before Growth Investments ("FCFbG")	\$663	\$425		

Six Months Ended			
6/30/24	6/30/23		
\$671	\$758		
689	417		
424	290		
\$1,784	\$1,465		
\$623	\$628		

2024 Highlights

\$935 MM Adjusted EBITDA: Exceeds prior year results by \$116 MM

- Strong results in East and West include power and natural gas margin expansion and increase in customer counts
- Texas had higher customer counts, favorable impact from weather, and favorable hedging activity; offset by 2023 asset sales and comprehensive planned outages to ensure reliable summer operations
- Vivint Smart Home grew subscriber count by 5% and service margins by 4% year over year; offset by guided increases in amortization of fulfillment expenses³

\$663 MM FCFbG: Exceeds prior year results by \$238 MM

FCFbG results higher compared to prior year driven by higher Adjusted EBITDA and favorable working capital

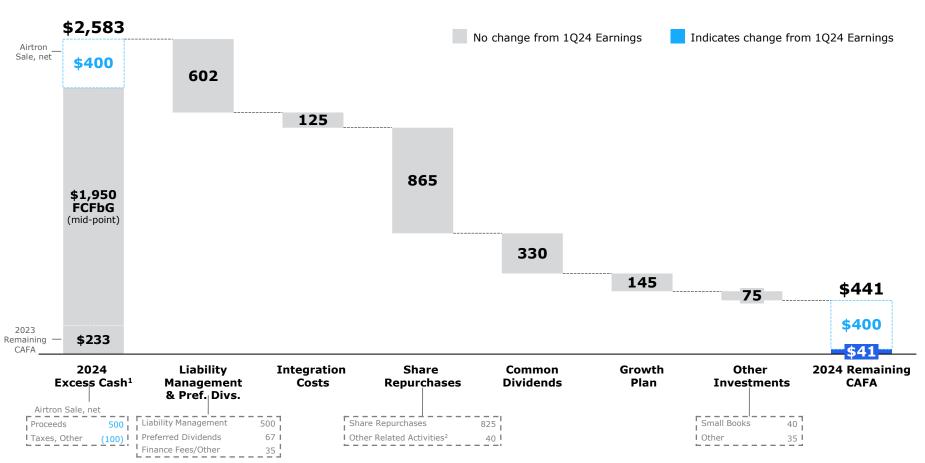
Reaffirming 2024 Guidance Ranges; Trending Toward Upper End of Guidance; Adjusted EBITDA \$3,300-3,550 MM and FCFbG \$1,825-2,075 MM

¹ Includes Corporate segment; 2 Vivint Smart Home acquired in March 2023; 3 Capitalized contract costs began accumulating post acquisition and will continue to accumulate as new customers are acquired, leading to an expected increase in amortizations costs over time

2024 Capital Allocation







Reaffirming 2024 Capital Allocation

¹ Excludes \$750 MM Minimum Cash reserved for liquidity purposes; ² Other Related Activities includes: 1% 'Federal Excise Tax' on share repurchases executed in prior year (~\$10 MM) and shares repurchased in lieu of tax withholdings where the company in lieu of issuing shares related to certain stock-based compensation settles employee tax obligations in cash (~\$30 MM)



Closing Remarks

2024 Priorities



Deliver Financial, Operational, Safety, and ESG Objectives - On Track
Deliver on Cost Initiatives − On Track □ \$250 MM 2023-2025 program: \$68 MM incremental in 2024 (\$105 MM '23-24)
Optimize and Grow from Core \$300 MM 2023-2025 growth plan: incremental \$99 MM in 2024 (\$200 MM '23-24) Optimize maintenance spend to maintain cycle-appropriate In-the-Money Fleet Availability Increase renewable and dispatchable supply PPA Strategy: 1.9 GW renewable pipeline, fully in-service Development: 1.5 GW dispatchable ERCOT capacity, shovel-ready Virtual Power Plant (VPP) energy management Portfolio / business / real estate / site optimizations
Disciplined Capital Allocation Plan \$500 MM Liability Management − to achieve target investment grade metrics in 2025 \$825 MM share repurchases (\$2 Bn '23-24 of \$2.7 Bn authorization) 7-9% annual dividend growth − grew 8% to \$1.63/share (5th consecutive annual increase)



Appendix

Committed to Sustainability



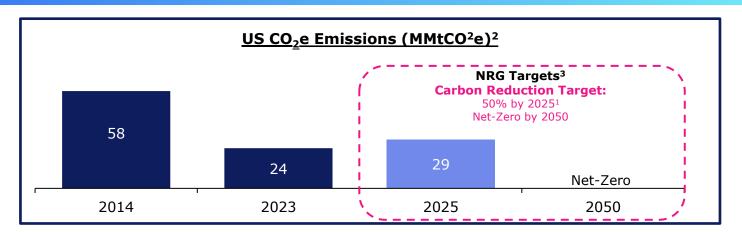
Progress Highlights¹

Reduction in CO2e emissions (2023)

71% Reduction in SO₂ emissions

Reduction in NO_x emissions

71% Reduction in water withdrawal



2023 Sustainability Report Published August 2, 2024

Social & Governance Leadership:

- 54% gender and ethnic Board of Directors diversity
- Independent Board: 92%
- Consistent top decile safety performance
- 31,100 employee volunteer hours by NRG employees
- Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion one of the company's five core values

Environmental Leadership:

- A- score on both 2023 CDP Climate Change and Water Security reports
- 1st power company to report per SASB standards; 7th year reporting
- 1st company in North America in any sector to issue a sustainability-linked bond
- 14 years of sustainability reporting

¹ From 2014 base year; ² Data as of 12/31/2023; ³ NRG's goals includes scope 1, 2, and 3 employee business travel

Texas Development Portfolio Evaluating Viability of Projects



Power Market Review - Texas

- Texas has approved legislation to incentivize new dispatchable generation resources
- NRG well positioned having previously initiated development work on multiple brownfield opportunities
- Proposed projects are shovel-ready to meet the supply needs of our Texas retail business

Potential Benefits from Texas Legislation

- Low-interest rate (3%) loans from the Texas Energy Fund – SB2627
- Completion Bonus Grants of \$80-120k per MW based on COD - Senate Bill 93
- Property tax abatements with local school districts -House Bill 5

	Cedar Bayou 5	TH Wharton	Greens Bayou 6
Туре	Combined Cycle	Simple Cycle	Simple Cycle
Capacity (MW)	689	415	443
Heat Rate (Btu/kWh)	6,500	10,500	9,200
Technology	Mitsubishi M501JAC	Siemens SGT6-5000F	GE 7HA.03
Target COD ¹	Late 2027	Mid 2026	Mid 2028

Loan applications submitted to the Texas Energy Fund for all three development projects

¹ Target commercial operation dates assume Texas Energy Fund loan proceeds will be available in 2024

Advancing Site Value Opportunities



Sites Available for Development

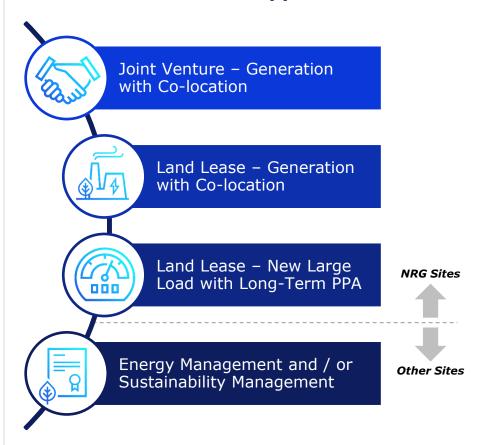
Location*	Sites	Acreage
Texas	6	~17,000
East/West	15	~4,000
Total	21	~21,000

^{*}Portfolio comprised of current and retired power plant sites

Notable Attributes

Attribute	# of Sites	
Water Availability	21 Sites	
Fiber Access	21 Sites	
Grid Access	21 Sites	

Value Creation Opportunities



Dedicated Team Established to Maximize Existing Site Value

Mature Risk Strategy Managing Through-Cycle Stability





Forecast & Price

- Retail Sale & Hedge

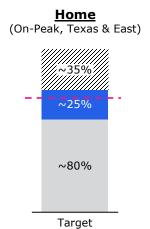


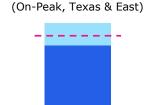
Optimize

- Proprietary forecasting program models expected load and variability
- Data analytics form actionable insights into macro and micro usage patterns and trends
- Pricing model reflects insights from customer data/usage

- Fully hedge priced load to firm gross margin
- Partially hedge expected future unpriced load (monthto-month) to mitigate bill shock
- Unique products require tailored hedging solutions to flex with usage variability

- Enhance hedge profile to incorporate additional data (i.e. weather)
- Optimize hedge profile to reflect commercial market intelligence to achieve enhanced returns and lower supply costs





~95%

Target

Business (C&I)

Chart Kev:

- - 100% Expected Load

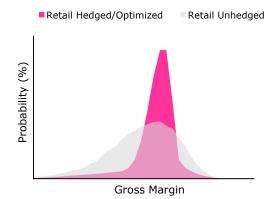
Third-Party Flexible Supply

//// Out-of-the-Money Owned Generation / Third-Party Flexible Supply

Market Purchases

Economic Owned Generation





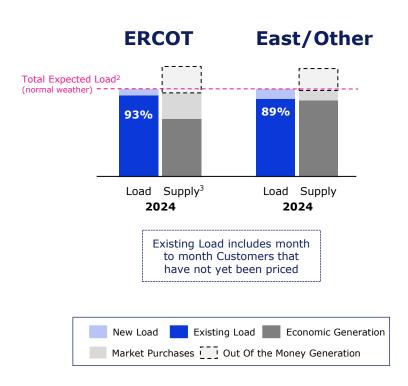
At Signing, Day 0: **Hedge to Expected Load** Day 1 thru Delivery Day: **Optimize**

Home Integrated Retail Supply Procurement



Net Home Position¹

(Avg. On-Peak MWh)



Supply Position Highlights

- ✓ Balance net generation and market purchases against priced load
- ✓ Manage current financial exposure while planning for physical delivery
- ✓ Maintain flexibility to adjust portfolio as priced load volumes increase
- ✓ Commercial & industrial load hedged with market purchases at execution

¹ Portfolio positions as June 28, 2024, inclusive of energy-only component; ² Total Expected Load is a forecast of total fixed price load at delivery; ³ Existing load is signed contracts and expected renewals with pricing flexibility

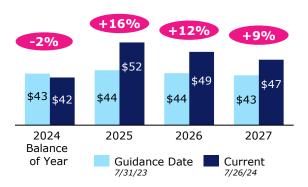
Texas Generation Sensitivity



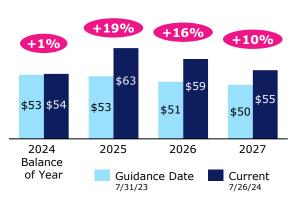
Significant Upside Opportunity in Rising Price Environment

Forward Curves Do Not Reflect Demand Outlook

Texas Around-the-Clock



Texas On-Peak



Illustrative Mark-to-Market for **Texas Generation-Only Portfolio**

	Year 1 (Full Year)	Year 2 (Full Year)	Year 3 (Full Year)	Open (Full Year)
2024 Texas Base Gross Margin	\$1,550 MM			\$1,550
% Hedge (as of 6/30/24)	95-100%	~50%	<25%	0%
ATC Power Price in '24 Guidance	\$45/MWh			\$45/MWh
Implied GM @ Below ATC Price				
\$40/MWh	\$1,530	\$1,460	\$1,420	\$1,380
\$44/MWh	\$1,540	\$1,530	\$1,520	\$1,510
2024 Base Guidance - \$45/MWh	\$1,550	\$1,550	\$1,550	\$1,550
\$46/MWh	\$1,570	\$1,590	\$1,590	\$1,600
\$50/MWh	\$1,610	\$1,680	\$1,720	\$1,760
\$55/MWh	\$1,680	\$1,820	\$1,900	\$1,970
\$65/MWh	\$1,900	\$2,180	\$2,330	\$2,480
\$75/MWh	\$2,110	\$2,540	\$2,760	\$2,990
\$95/MWh	\$2,700	\$3,410	\$3,780	\$4,160

Base Earnings Assumptions:

- 2024 Texas Base Generation Margin \$1,550 MM (see 2024 guidance, slide 22)
- Current Fleet: 30 TWh Economic / 35 TWh Uneconomic
- Power Prices: Around-the-Clock Blend of Houston and North
- Natural Gas Price: \$3.75 / MMBtu
- Weather-Normal, among other simplifying assumptions

Corporate Credit Profile



(\$ millions)

	2024 Guidance
Corporate Debt¹	\$10,940
\$500 MM Liability Management Program	(243)
Minimum Cash Balance	(750)
Corporate Net Debt	9,947
Adjusted EBITDA (midpoint)	\$3,425
Amortization of Customer Fulfillment Costs and Other ²	130
Corporate Adjusted EBITDA	3,555
Net Debt to Corporate Adjusted EBITDA Ratio	~2.80x
	Investment Grad
Net Debt / Adjusted EBITDA	2.50 – 2.75x
Adjusted CFO/ Net Debt	27.5 – 32.5%
	<u></u>

Expected 2024 Sources & Uses		
Sources		
2024 Liability Management	\$500	
New NRG Term Loan B	\$875	
Uses		
2024 Maturity	(\$600)	
Convert Partial Principal Paydown	(\$343)	
Convert In-the-Money Premium	(\$257)	
Debt Reduction, To be Executed in 2H	(\$175)	
Total		
Effective Debt Paydown	(\$243)	
Convert In-the-Money Premium	(\$257)	
Total 2024 Liability Management	(\$500)	

Target Investment Grade Metrics by Year-End 2025

¹ Balance at 12/31/2023; ² Non-cash amortization of customer fulfillment costs, which are included in the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA, is the Income Statement recognition of capitalized contract costs related to the sale and installation of equipment necessary for a customer to receive the Vivint Smart Home service

Debt Maturity Schedule Balance as of 06/30/24



(\$ millions)

Recourse Debt	Principal
6.625% Senior Notes, due 2027	\$375
5.75% Senior Notes, due 2028	\$821
5.25% Senior Notes, due 2029	\$733
3.375% Senior Notes, due 2029	\$500
3.625% Senior Notes, due 2031	\$1,030
3.875% Senior Notes, due 2032	\$480
2.75% Convertible Senior Notes, due 2048 ¹	\$232
2.00% Senior Secured First Lien Notes, due 2025	\$500
2.45% Senior Secured First Lien Notes, due 2027	\$900
4.45% Senior Secured First Lien Notes, due 2029	\$500
7.00% Senior Secured First Lien Notes, due 2033	\$740
Senior Secured Term Loan B, due 2031	\$873
Tax-Exempt Bonds	\$466
Recourse Debt	\$8,150 ²

Non-Recourse Debt	Principal
6.75% Vivint Senior Secured Notes, due 2027	\$600
5.75% Vivint Senior Notes, due 2029	\$800
Vivint Senior Secured Term Loan B, due 2028	\$1,313
Non-recourse Debt	\$2,713

NRG Energy, Inc. Credit Rating			
S&P	Moody's	Fitch	
BB Positive	Ba1 Stable	BB+ Stable	

Key Actions Taken During Q2

- Fully redeemed \$600 MM 3.75% 2024 Senior Secured Notes
- Fully hedged the remaining \$232 MM 2.75% Convertible Senior Notes
 - o Locked-in conversion premium of \$257 MM payment due

Uniform Maturity Schedule with No Near-Term Maturity Walls

¹ Notes will become convertible upon certain events including, among others, during the 6-month periods following 12/1/2024 or if the stock exceeds 130% of the conversion price for at least 20 of 30 consecutive trading days; As of the ex-dividend date of August 1, 2024, the Convertible Senior Notes were convertible at a price of \$41.11, which is equivalent to a conversion rate of approximately 24.322 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount; see Q2 10Q Note 7 - Long-term Debt and Finance Leases; 2 Does not include \$21 MM Finance Leases and Revolving Credit Facility of \$0 MM as of 6/30/2024

Energy Modeling Aid Applying 2024 Metrics



	2024E	
	Texas	East/West/ Other (EWO ²
erational Statistics		
Retail Energy Sales ¹ :		·
Home Power Expected Load (TWh)	~40	~17
Business Power Expected Load (TWh)	~40	~60
Total Power Expected Load (TWh)	~80	~77
Total Natural Gas Expected Sales (MDths)	0	~1,900
Generation Statistics:		
Expected Owned Economic Generation Sales (TWh)	~30	~10
Expected Owned Uneconomic Generation Open (TWh) ¹	~35	~20

nancial Summary		
Economic Gross Margin (\$ MM)	\$3,385-3,505	\$2,265-2,345
OPEX / Other (\$ MM)	~\$1,720	~\$1,455
Adj EBITDA (\$ MM)	\$1,665-1,785	\$810-890

Economic Gross Margin Mix		
Retail Energy	~55%	~85%
Generation	~45%	~15%

Additional Commentary-Power

Home Load served primarily by owned generation and supplemented with third-party hedges

Business (C&I) Load served exclusively by third-party hedges:
Load 60% fixed priced / 40% indexed

Uneconomic generation provides near-term insurance and long-term optimization opportunities

¹ Weather normalized volumes; ² Includes Services

Energy KPIs and Modeling Data Quarterly KPIs



Home & Business

Operational KPIs ¹	20	24	2 Q	23
	Texas	EWO ²	Texas	EWO ²
Home Power Load (TWh)	11	4	10	3
Business Power Load (TWh)	10	15	10	14
Total Power Load (TWh)	21	19	20	17
Total Natural Gas Sales (MDths)		395		413
Total Owned Generation (TWh)	5	2	8	2

Financial Summary (\$ MM)				
	Texas	EWO	Texas	EWO
Economic Gross Margin (\$MM)	\$910	\$620	\$928	\$441
OpEx / Other (\$MM)	(\$458)	(\$338)	(\$424)	(\$343)
Adj EBITDA (\$MM)	\$452	\$282	\$501	\$98

Economic Gross Margin Mix	Texas	EWO	Texas	EWO
Retail	55%	85%	53%	89%
Generation	45%	15%	47%	11%

¹ Volumes not weather normalized; ² EWO: East/West/Other; includes Services

Smart Home KPIs and Modeling Data Quarterly KPIs



Key Metrics ¹	2Q24	2Q23	Change
Portfolio			
Subscribers (MM) ²	2.11	2.00	+5%
Customer Lifetime (years) ²	~9	~9	
Retention (%) ³	89.2%	89.0%	+20 bps
Bad Debt as % of revenue	~2%	~2%	
Per Subscriber			
Monthly Rec. Revenue per Subscriber	\$73.52	\$72.01	+2%
Monthly Rec. Service Revenue per Subscriber	\$48.98	\$47.52	+3%
Monthly Rec. Net Service Cost per Subscriber	\$8.67	\$8.83	-2%
Monthly Rec. Service Margin per Subscriber	\$40.31	\$38.69	+4%
Gross Acquisition Cost per New Subscriber ³	\$2,608	\$2,448	+7%
Net Acquisition Cost per <u>New</u> Subscriber ³	\$902	\$753	+20%
Product Interactions per Day	~16	~16	

Optimized Pricing in Key Sales Channel Drives ~\$400 Improvement in Customer Lifetime Value

- Updated pricing generates increased Monthly Recurring Service Revenue per Subscriber while keeping the customer's total monthly payment the same
- Estimated financial impacts per new subscriber across blended Smart Home business:
 - \$5 increase in Monthly Recurring Service Margin per Subscriber
 - \$200 increase in Net Acquisition Cost per New Subscriber (including decrease in point-of-sale revenue and finance fee savings)
 - No change to best-in-class 9-year customer life or 2-year payback

¹ See slide 35 for Smart Home performance metric definitions; ² As of the period ended June 30; ³ Last twelve months as of period end

Growth & Cost Initiative Scorecard



(\$ millions)

Scorecard

As of 12/31/2023	2023 Realized	2023 Target	2024 Target	2025 Run-Rate
Growth Plan:				
FCFbG Growth (recurring)	\$101	\$75 Orig. \$30	\$200	\$300
Cost-to-Achieve (one-time)	\$129	\$105	\$145	\$475 Cumulative
Cost Initiatives1:				
FCFbG Growth (recurring)	\$37	\$35	\$105	\$250
Cost-to-Achieve ² (one-time)	\$48	\$50	\$125	\$258 Cumulative
Total Recurring FCFbG Growth	\$138	\$110	\$305	\$550 ′25 Run-Rate

Reaffirming Full Plan Targets

¹ Includes \$100 MM Vivint Smart Home cost program and \$150 MM NRG cost program; see slide 16 of June 2023 Investor Day presentation for details; 2 CTA is cash based and excludes \$20MM in equity comp, commissions, and depreciation



Appendix: Reg. G Schedules



(\$ millions)

Appendix Table A-1: 2024 Guidance

The following table summarizes the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA providing a reconciliation to Net Income

	2024 Guidance
Net Income ¹	\$750 - \$1,000
Interest expense, net	640
Income tax	345
Depreciation and amortization	1,075
ARO expense	25
Amortization of customer acquisition costs ²	215
Stock-based compensation ³	100
Acquisition and divestiture integration and transaction costs	55
Other ⁴	95
Adjusted EBITDA	\$3,300 - \$3,550

¹ For purposes of guidance, fair value adjustments related to derivatives are assumed to be zero; ² Amortization of customer acquisition costs is the income statement recognition of capitalized costs related to commissions and other costs related to securing new customers. NRG amortization of customer acquisition costs, excluding Vivint, is expected to be \$135 MM in 2024 and Vivint is expected to be \$80 MM in 2024; ³ NRG stock-based compensation, excluding Vivint, is expected to be \$40 MM and Vivint is expected to be \$60 MM in 2024; ⁴ Includes adjustments for sale of assets, adjustments to reflect NRG share of Adjusted EBITDA in unconsolidated affiliates, deactivation costs, other non-recurring expenses, and does not include the adjustment for Loss on debt extinguishment which was \$260 MM as of June 30, 2024



(\$ millions)

Appendix Table A-2: 2024 Guidance

The following table summarizes the calculation of FCFbG providing a reconciliation to Cash provided by operating activities

	2024 Guidance
Adjusted EBITDA	\$3,300 - \$3,550
Interest payments, net	(600)
Income tax	(160)
Net deferred revenue ¹	190
Amortization of customer fulfillment costs ²	130
Gross capitalized contract costs ³	(830)
Working capital/other assets and liabilities ⁴	(205)
Cash provided by operating activities ⁵	\$1,825 - \$2,075
Acquisition and other costs ⁴	124
Adjusted Cash provided by operating activities	\$1,949 - \$2,199
Maintenance capital expenditures, net ⁶	(240) - (260)
Environmental capital expenditures	(20) - (30)
Cost of acquisition	145
Free Cash Flow before Growth Investments (FCFbG)	\$1,825 - \$2,075

¹ The cash impact of net deferred revenue is the net change in the balance sheet from capitalizing proceeds received from installation and equipment and then recognizing those proceeds as revenue on a straight-line basis over the expected period of benefit; 2 Amortization of customer fulfillment costs, which are included in the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA, are the income statement recognition of capitalized contract costs related to the sale and installation of equipment necessary for a customer to receive the Vivint Smart Home service; ³ Gross capitalized contract costs represent the costs directly related and incremental to the origination of new contracts, modification of existing contracts or to the fulfillment of the related subscriber contracts; these costs include installed products, commissions, other compensation, and cost of installation of new or upgraded customer contracts; these costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected period of benefit 4 Working capital/other assets and liabilities includes payments for Acquisition and divestiture integration and transition costs, which is adjusted in Acquisition and other costs; 5 Excludes fair value adjustments related to derivatives and changes in collateral deposits in support of risk management activities; ⁶ Includes W.A. Parish Unit 8 expected insurance recoveries related to property, plant and equipment



(\$ millions)

Appendix Table A-3: Three months ended 6/30/24 and 6/30/23 Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation by Operating Segment The following table summarizes the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and provides a reconciliation from Net Income:

Three Months ended 6/30/24 Three Months ended 6/30/23 West/ Vivint West/ Vivint Services/ Smart Texas East Corp/Elim Total **Texas** East Services/ Smart Corp/Elim Total Other Home Other Home Net Income/(Loss) \$ 966 \$ 447 \$ 2 \$ (29) \$ (648) \$ 738 \$ 785 \$ (101)\$ (129) \$ (23) \$ (224) \$ 308 Plus: 2 9 49 86 3 Interest expense, net 1 147 (4)6 104 137 (6) Income tax (2)322 314 1 1 87 89 202 202 Loss on debt extinguishment Depreciation and amortization 63 22 46 144 10 285 73 30 23 180 9 315 ARO expense 3 (4)(1) 2 (1) (1) (2) 2 2 (10)3 3 Contract and emission credit amortization, net (14)(16)(10)**EBITDA** 1.035 453 162 (28)1,675 866 (97)(24)838 27 5 7 3 1 16 2 1 18 26 Stock-based compensation¹ 15 17 2 12 46 12 11 1 28 Amortization of customer acquisition costs² 4 Adjustment to reflect NRG share of adjusted EBITDA in unconsolidated 1 1 affiliates Acquisition and divestiture integration and transaction costs³ 2 8 16 23 Cost to achieve 8 8 Deactivation costs 5 3 9 4 1 6 (Gain) on sale of assets (3) (3)11 9 5 25 (45)(2) (42)Other and non-recurring charges 1 3 1 **Impairments** 15 15 Mark-to-market (MtM) (gain)/loss on economic hedges (605)(268)(2) (875)(334)152 118 (64)Adjusted EBITDA 452 S 209 \$ 82 \$ 201 \$ 935 504 \$ 77 \$ 28 Ś 217 \$ 819 (9) \$ (7) \$

¹ 2023 excludes stock-based compensation of \$3 MM reflected in acquisition and divestiture integration and transaction costs; ² Amortization of customer acquisition costs, which are excluded from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA, is the income statement recognition of capitalized costs related to commissions and other costs related to securing the new customer; 3 2023 includes stock-based compensation of \$3 MM



(\$ millions)

Appendix Table A-4: Six months ended 6/30/24 and 6/30/23 Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation by Operating Segment The following table summarizes the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and provides a reconciliation from Net Income:

Six Months ended 6/30/24 Six Months ended 6/30/23 Vivint West/ Vivint West/ Smart Texas East Services/ Smart Corp/Elim Total Texas East Services/ Corp/Elim Total Other Home Other Home¹ Net Income/(Loss) 1,315 \$ 1,028 \$ (58) \$ (22) \$ (1,014) \$ 1,249 \$ 1,069 Ś (1,503) \$ (433) \$ (62) \$ (98) \$ (1,027)Plus: 2 87 177 3 (10)Interest expense, net 14 281 12 54 210 269 (1) 1 Income tax (21)520 498 (46)(202)(247)Loss on debt extinguishment 260 260 Depreciation and amortization 130 45 70 288 20 553 148 60 47 232 18 505 ARO expense 4 (1) 3 4 1 5 2 58 3 63 99 6 Contract and emission credit amortization, net 109 EBITDA 1.452 1.131 (37)2,907 1.228 (1.352)(414)224 (386)Stock-based compensation² 2 2 14 7 31 54 11 4 22 39 3 30 33 27 93 26 22 2 4 54 Amortization of customer acquisition costs³ Adjustment to reflect NRG share of adjusted EBITDA in 1 8 8 unconsolidated affiliates Acquisition and divestiture integration and transaction costs 10 18 37 58 95 Cost to achieve5 17 17 Deactivation costs 9 2 11 10 6 16 Loss/(gain) on sale of assets 4 4 (202)(202)Other and non-recurring charges (1) 12 5 (6)2 3 (39)1 11 (44)Impairments 15 15 Mark-to-market (MtM) (gain)/loss on economic hedges (830)(619)102 (1,347)(463)1.907 436 1,880 **Adjusted EBITDA** 671 \$ 560 S 145 S 424 S (16) \$ 1,784 758 \$ 391 Ś 40 Ś 290 \$ (14) \$ 1,465

¹ Vivint Smart Home acquired in March 2023; 2 2024 excludes stock-based compensation of \$2 MM reflected in cost to achieve and \$1 MM reflected in acquisition and divestiture integration and transaction costs; 2023 excludes stock-based compensation of \$23 MM reflected in acquisition and divestiture integration and transaction costs; ³ Amortization of customer acquisition costs, which are excluded from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA, is the income statement recognition of capitalized costs related to commissions and other costs related to securing the new customer: 4 2024 includes stock-based compensation of \$1 MM; 2023 includes stock-based compensation of \$2 MM; 5 2024 includes stock-based compensation of \$2 MM



(\$ millions)

Appendix Table A-5: Three months ended 6/30/24 and 6/30/23 Free Cash Flow before Growth

The following table summarizes the calculation of FCFbG and provides a reconciliation to Cash provided/(used) by operating activities

Th		onths Ended 30/24	Three Months Ended 6/30/23	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	935	\$	819
Interest payments, net		(84)		(114)
Income tax		(98)		(36)
Net deferred revenue ¹		115		121
Amortization of customer fulfillment costs ²		27		6
Gross capitalized contract costs ³		(270)		(302)
Collateral/working capital/other assets and liabilities		431		76
Cash provided by operating activities		1,056		570
Net payments from settlement of acquired derivatives that include financing elements		(20)		(18)
Acquisition and divestiture integration and transaction costs ⁴		18		19
Proceeds from sale of land		8		-
Encina site improvement		-		4
Adjustment for change in collateral		(371)		(57)
Nuclear decommissioning trust liability		-		(17)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		2		-
Adjusted Cash provided by operating activities		693		501
Maintenance capital expenditures, net ⁵		(71)		(113)
Environmental capital expenditures		(6)		-
Cost of acquisition		47		37
Free Cash Flow before Growth Investments (FCFbG)	\$	663	\$	425

¹ The cash impact of Net deferred revenue is the net change in the balance sheet from capitalizing proceeds received from installation and equipment sales and then recognizing those proceeds as revenue on a straight-line basis over the expected period of benefit; 2 Amortization of customer fulfillment costs, which are included in the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA, are the income statement recognition of capitalized contract costs related to the sale and installation of equipment necessary for a customer to receive the Vivint Smart Home service; ³ Gross capitalized contract costs represent the costs directly related and incremental to the origination of new contracts, modification of existing contracts or to the fulfillment of the related subscriber contracts; these costs include installed products, commissions, other compensation, and cost of installation of new or upgraded customer contracts; these costs are amortized on a straightline basis over the expected period of benefit; ⁴Three months ended 6/30/24 includes \$10 MM Cost to achieve payments; three months ended 6/30/23 excludes \$3 MM non-cash stock-based compensation; ⁵ Three months ended 6/30/23 includes W.A. Parish Unit 8 insurance recoveries related to property, plant and equipment of \$50 MM



(\$ millions)

Appendix Table A-6: Six months ended 6/30/24 and 6/30/23 Free Cash Flow before Growth

The following table summarizes the calculation of FCFbG and provides a reconciliation to Cash provided/(used) by operating

ctivities	Six Months Ended 6/30/24	Six Months Ended 6/30/23	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 1,784	\$ 1,465	
Interest payments, net	(275)	(205)	
Income tax	(106)	(32)	
Net deferred revenue ¹	51	119	
Amortization of customer fulfillment costs ²	48	6	
Gross capitalized contract costs ³	(439)	(357)	
Collateral/working capital/other assets and liabilities	260	(2,024)	
Cash provided by/(used by) operating activities	1,323	(1,028)	
Net (payments)/receipts from settlement of acquired derivatives that include financing elements	(12)	318	
Acquisition and divestiture integration and transaction costs ⁴	35	75	
Astoria fees	-	3	
Proceeds from sale of land	8	-	
Encina site improvement	-	7	
Adjustment for change in collateral	(660)	1,355	
Nuclear decommissioning trust liability	-	(5)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	-	3	
Adjusted Cash provided by operating activities	694	728	
Maintenance capital expenditures, net ⁵	(123)	(154)	
Environmental capital expenditures	(8)	-	
Cost of acquisition	60	54	
Free Cash Flow before Growth Investments (FCFbG)	623	\$ 628	

¹ The cash impact of Net deferred revenue is the net change in the balance sheet from capitalizing proceeds received from installation and equipment sales and then recognizing those proceeds as revenue on a straight-line basis over the expected period of benefit; ² Amortization of customer fulfillment costs, which are included in the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA, are the income statement recognition of capitalized contract costs related to the sale and installation of equipment necessary for a customer to receive the Vivint Smart Home service; ³ Gross capitalized contract costs represent the costs directly related and incremental to the origination of new contracts, modification of existing contracts or to the fulfillment of the related subscriber contracts; these costs include installed products, commissions, other compensation, and cost of installation of new or upgraded customer contracts; see costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected period of benefit; ⁴ Six months ended 6/30/24 includes \$19 MM Cost to achieve payments and excludes \$2 MM non-cash stock-based compensation; six months ended 6/30/23 excludes \$20 MM non-cash stock-based compensation; ⁵ Six months ended 6/30/24 includes W.A. Parish Unit 8 insurance recoveries related to property, plant and equipment of \$11 MM



EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures. These measurements are not recognized in accordance with GAAP and should not be viewed as an alternative to GAAP measures of performance. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that NRG's future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items.

EBITDA represents net income before interest expense (including loss on debt extinguishment), income taxes, depreciation and amortization, asset retirement obligation expenses, contract amortization consisting of amortization of power and fuel contracts and amortization of emission allowances. EBITDA is presented because NRG considers it an important supplemental measure of its performance and believes debtholders frequently use EBITDA to analyze operating performance and debt service capacity. EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our operating results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are:

- EBITDA does not reflect cash expenditures, or future requirements for capital expenditures, or contractual commitments;
- EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, working capital needs;
- EBITDA does not reflect the significant interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on debt or cash income tax payments:
- Although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements; and
- Other companies in this industry may calculate EBITDA differently than NRG does, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Because of these limitations, EBITDA should not be considered as a measure of discretionary cash available to use to invest in the growth of NRG's business. NRG compensates for these limitations by relying primarily on our GAAP results and using EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA only supplementally. See the statements of cash flow included in the financial statements that are a part of this presentation.

Adjusted EBITDA is presented as a further supplemental measure of operating performance. As NRG defines it, Adjusted EBITDA represents EBÍTDA excluding the impact of stock-based compensation, amortization of customer acquisition costs (primarily amortized commissions), impairment losses, deactivation costs, gains or losses on sales, dispositions or retirements of assets, any mark-to-market gains or losses from forward position of economic hedges, adjustments to exclude the Adjusted EBITDA related to the non-controlling interest, gains or losses on the repurchase, modification or extinguishment of debt, the impact of restructuring and any extraordinary, unusual or non-recurring items plus adjustments to reflect the Adjusted EBITDA from our unconsolidated investments. The reader is encouraged to evaluate each adjustment and the reasons NRG considers it appropriate for supplemental analysis. As an analytical tool, Adjusted EBITDA is subject to all of the limitations applicable to EBITDA. In addition, in evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, the reader should be aware that in the future NRG may incur expenses similar to the adjustments in this presentation.

Management believes Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors and other users of NRG's financial statements in evaluating its operating performance because it provides an additional tool to compare business performance across companies and across periods and adjusts for items that we do not consider indicative of NRG's future operating performance. This measure is widely used by debt-holders to analyze operating performance and debt service capacity and by equity investors to measure our operating performance without regard to items such as interest expense, taxes, depreciation and amortization, which can vary substantially from company to company depending upon accounting methods and book value of assets, capital structure and the method by which assets were acquired. Management uses Adjusted EBITDA as a measure of operating performance to assist in comparing performance from period to period on a consistent basis and to readily view operating trends, as a measure for planning and forecasting overall expectations, and for evaluating actual results against such expectations, and in communications with NRG's Board of Directors, shareholders, creditors, analysts and investors concerning its financial performance.



Adjusted Cash provided by operating activities is a non-GAAP measure NRG provides to show Cash provided/(used) by operating activities with the reclassification of net payments of derivative contracts acquired in business combinations from financing to operating cash flow, as well as the add back of merger, integration, related restructuring costs, changes in the nuclear decommissioning trust liability, and the impact of extraordinary, unusual or non-recurring items. The Company provides the reader with this alternative view of Cash provided/(used) by operating activities because the cash settlement of these derivative contracts materially impact operating revenues and cost of sales, while GAAP requires NRG to treat them as if there was a financing activity associated with the contracts as of the acquisition dates. The Company adds back merger, integration related restructuring costs as they are one time and unique in nature and do not reflect ongoing Cash Flows from Operating Activities and they are fully disclosed to investors. The company excludes changes in the nuclear decommissioning trust liability as these amounts are offset by changes in the decommissioning fund shown in Cash Flows from Investing Activities.

Free Cash Flow before Growth Investments is Adjusted Cash provided by operating activities less maintenance and environmental capital expenditures, net of funding and insurance recoveries related to property, plant and equipment, dividends from preferred instruments treated as debt by ratings agencies, and distributions to non-controlling interests and is used by NRG predominantly as a forecasting tool to estimate cash available for debt reduction and other capital allocation alternatives. The reader is encouraged to evaluate each of these adjustments and the reasons NRG considers them appropriate for supplemental analysis. Because we have mandatory debt service requirements (and other non-discretionary expenditures) investors should not rely on Free Cash Flow before Growth Investments as a measure of cash available for discretionary expenditures.

Free Cash Flow before Growth Investments is utilized by Management in making decisions regarding the allocation of capital. Free Cash Flow before Growth Investments is presented because the Company believes it is a useful tool for assessing the financial performance in the current period. In addition, NRG's peers evaluate cash available for allocation in a similar manner and accordingly, it is a meaningful indicator for investors to benchmark NRG's performance against its peers. Free Cash Flow before Growth Investments is a performance measure and is not intended to represent Net Income/(Loss), Cash provided/(used) by operating activities (the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measure), or liquidity and is not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

Smart Home Performance Metrics Definitions



- **New Subscribers** is the aggregate number of new smart home and security subscribers originated during a given period. This metric excludes new subscribers acquired by the transfer of a service contract from one subscriber to another.
- Average Monthly Subscribers is the ending subscriber count each month of the period divided by the number of months in the period.
- Monthly Recurring Revenue per Subscriber is the average monthly recurring smart home and security revenue recognized during the period divided by Average Monthly Subscribers during the same period. This excludes revenues that are non-recurring which are recognized at the time of sale.
- Monthly Recurring Service Revenue per Subscriber is the recurring monthly service billings for smart home and security subscribers divided by Average Monthly Subscribers for the same period.
- Monthly Recurring Net Service Cost per Subscriber is the average monthly service costs incurred during the period (both inperiod and capitalized), including monitoring, customer service, field service, equipment, and other service support costs less total non-recurring smart home services billings for the period net of associated financing fees (estimated), divided by Average Monthly Subscribers for the same period.
- Monthly Recurring Service Margin per Subscriber is Monthly Recurring Service Revenue per Subscriber for the period less Monthly Recurring Net Service Cost per Subscriber for the same period.
- Net Subscriber Acquisition Costs per New Subscriber is the net cost to create new smart home and security subscribers during a given 12-month period divided by New Subscribers for that same period. These costs include commissions, equipment, installation, marketing, sales support, allocations (general and administrative), and financing fees (estimated); less proceeds related to equipment sales and install fees. Excludes costs and proceeds associated with contract modifications.
- Gross Subscriber Acquisition Costs per New Subscriber is Net Subscriber Acquisition Costs per New Subscriber plus proceeds related to equipment sales and install fees. Excludes costs and proceeds associated with contract modifications.
- Average Customer Payment New Customers is the total equipment and installation proceeds from new subscribers divided by 60 months (average contract term length) plus the average recurring monthly service billings per new subscriber.